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1. Note that first commitment was 28 June 52, and second one was not until 24 October 1953. In the intervening time UJDREADFUL was first FLUTTERED on 11 October 1952. Exactly when did V-21617 return from his first commitment, and why was his second trip delayed for perhaps a year or slightly more? Perhaps the period can be logically explained by operational reasons. If not, however, it might be theorized that ~~XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX~~ UJDREADFUL and his masters set up the V-21617 case as a controlled operation on V-21617's first trip, but that the FLUTTER of ~~XXXXXX~~ UJDREADFUL came too soon after V-21617's return for V-21617 to have been sent back yet, and that after the FLUTTER the long delay in sending V-21617 back was a waiting period to see if anything was going to happen to UJDREADFUL as a result of the FLUTTER. On this basis, we might look at other UJDREADFUL-run ops to see if there was a corresponding ~~waiting period at the same time.~~
~~XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX~~
2. If by any chance UJDREADFUL wrote the analysis of the case, it would be noteworthy that he called attention to the nervous strain on V-21617 due to the excessive wait between his first and second commitment. This would presumably be a slap at the friendly side for delaying commitment. But it written by UJDREADFUL it could be also a conscious or unconscious defensive measure. Strangely, they made no comment on the lapse of time between the first and second commitment, which was actually slightly longer.
3. When and why did Subject live at Pirmasens, of all places. That is after all the center of the U.S. build-up area and ~~XXXXXX~~ a logical area ~~for~~ for the Czechs to send somebody to collect useful OB on the U.S. Army and Air Force. (I now note from PATRA file that V-21617 was in a Labor Service Company. Perhaps he was "transferred" by the Czechs to his current employment.)
4. A June 1951 document (MUSA-4259, ~~XXXXXX~~) states that V-21617 was an associate of Stefan VALKO. It was ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~ a letter from Karel MARKOVIC, of the Slovak Committee of Liberation in Salzburg, to VALKO which pointed out that it was too bad VALKO had accepted AIS employment because to MARKOVIC's knowledge, the U.S. sponsored agency involved turned agents over to the StB for \$500 per head. In a document from 39/1-~~XXXXXX~~ just discovered and never saw before (16 Oct 51), filed in 270.511, it is stated that Karel MARKOVIC is an ehrenamtlich tipper/Forscher for V-11425. It appears that V-11425 recruited V-21617, and therefore the actual tipping may have been done by this MARKOVIC. There seems to me to be something possibly interesting here. On the one hand MARKOVIC was tipping for V-11425, but on the other, he was warning VALKO (listed as an associate of V-21617) that that outfit (almost surely OSW) turned people over to the Czechs for \$500 per head.
5. Note also that original contact to V-21617 was to be via V-11425 and V-21514. From recent developments, I assume that V-21514 has been known in an intelligence context for some time to the Czechs, and ~~XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX~~ details of this knowledge may of course have been obtained through V-21617. Czechs may have decided to send POKORNY's brother in recruitment attempt after having interrogated PATRA. []

150- UJDREADFUL

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MGSA-4259 reported that V-21617 was a member of a group of persons believed to be in contact with a possible agent of the Czech IS.

6. I wonder if the story about V-21617's having been engaged in distribution of anti-Communist leaflets is not a little far fetched under the circumstances. Just the sort of nice note to make him attractive to allied intelligence. But consider the period, i.e. May 1946. It was not then clear that the Communists were going to be in control in CSR. No statement is made as to which authorities arrested him, but it does not seem too likely that the Czech government of that time did. He allegedly got in a Pilot's school in CSR in February 1949, and in order to get in had to produce a Communist Party card, which he neatly falsified. This shows also an aptitude which might be given merely to make him attractive, and does not explain why background investigation did not show up his previous ~~anti~~ ostensible anti-Communist arrest. Seems to me one or the other of these things must be false. His alleged flight because the falsification was discovered does not appear very convincing either.
7. CSW report on project states that V-21617 has no other intelligence experience outside of CSW training. However, MGMA-6858 states that he was employed by MOB from May 1951 to July 1951, when he was dropped without prejudice. While so employed, he used the alias DIESL, indicating he must have known he was so employed. Either he did not mention this to CSW, or CSW neglected to mention it.
8. According to CSW even, V-21617 was invariably everenthusiastic. He had to be toned down by his trainer. Such an attitude might be an indication of lack of fear, which in turn would tend to indicate either foolhardiness or the fact that V-21617 knew he had nothing to fear.
9. Note that V-21617 and V-21564 knew each other by true name and were aware of each other intelligence wise as agents. V-21564 ~~was~~ went to CSR on commitment and never came back. He was presumed to be arrested.
10. It is otherwise known that the StB knew of V-21617's agent activity through either V-21564 or Alexander BOLF (it doesn't make too much difference which).